

476 A.D

Fall of the Western Roman Empire

The whole region was overrun by the barbarians, the Vandals making their home in Africa; Visigoths and Suevi in Spain; Saxons, Angles and Jutes in Britain; Visigoths in Gaul and Burgundians in southeast Gaul.

Romulus Augustulus, the last emperor was deposed by the German leader ODOACER. Rome was no longer

an empire by itself, having been
occupied for some time by barbarians

the heathen Clovis, (as a result of marrying GUNDOBAD'S niece (not an Arian) and his Franks were baptized into the orthodox faith.

All the other Christian German Kings were Arians, not orthodox Christians.

By dint of embracing Catholic orthodoxy Clovis enlisted on the side of the Franks — as against the Arian Goths and

Burgundian - All the Latin population and
all the members of the Church which looked
to the Pope, his Bishop of Rome, as its head
were now all thus separated, got
suddenly free and returned to obtain
a new election

End of the Western Roman Empire
Flavius Aetius deposed Romulus Augustulus
"Patrician" was the official
title claimed by Aetius as
an imperial officer from the
emperor Zeno
Aetius was elected king
by his miscellaneous Teutonic
host. At this moment Zeno

are fighting for BioCarm with the wrapper
Baculovirus

476

The ~~Heard~~ HERULIANS gain
ascendancy in Rome

"The fall of the Roman Empire"
(in the West)

The Western Empire Collapsed. The last emperor was deposed by the invading Ostrogoths. In 451 Gaul was coming under control of the Barbarian Franks who were building a kingdom there. Spain was in the hands of the Visigoths. North Africa belonged to the Vandals. In 476 ODOACER, commander of the Ostrogothic mercenaries in the Roman army, led his troops in revolt. He defeated an imperial army commanded by General

ORFICES. Adnan captured Karaman and
then depreded the last emperor of the West, the
Byzantine emperor. The emperor in the East,
Zeno, recovering a coup d'état in
adversity, the Roman title of Patriarch,
gradually became a hereditary kingdom. Rome
was no longer capital of the Romans; Constantinople
was.

476-491

Zeno was again Byzantine Emperor

ODOACER, king of the HERULI
takes Rome and founds a short-
lived kingdom lasting fourteen
years.

With him ends the Roman
Empire and ancient history in
Europe.

The barbarian mercenaries who dominated the Roman Army deposed this "little Augustus", and named their leader ODOACER, King of Italy. Odoacer recognized the supremacy of the Roman emperor at Constantinople, and was accepted by him as a vassal king.

476

Goths under ODOVACAR
depose Romulus Augustus.
End of the Western Empire

Goths depose Western Roman
emperor, Romulus Augustus.
Middle Ages begin.

476 AD

Fall of Ravenna to Odovac

A Hindu guru was born
on the Ganges River

ARYABHATA was one of a
remarkable group of Indian scholars
He was a key figure in a tradition in
India stretching back at least 1500 B.C.
when light skinned Aryans swept
down from the northwest to conquer
an earlier civilization, the HARAPPA

The regional federate army
made ODOVACAR King

Odoacar came from the SCIRIAN
royal clan which had been at odds
with the Orestes - Romulus clan
since the days of Attila. Now the
day of reckoning had arrived. But Euric
had made no treaty with the Gothic
King ODOVACAR and the Gothic war

Keegan answer. The Burgundians are loyal imperial
federates, but try to stop Caesar's expansion
as fast as possible. But their effort ended in
defeat, and the kingdom of Arles, the capital
of Roman Gaul, in addition to Marseille.
Vincennes met his end; Caesar had put him
to death, this he was killed while fighting at the
head of a Vercingetorix army against 200,000 Romans
with 200,000 Germanic warriors. ALLA and SMD114

When Sidonius was at the royal court at Bordeaux (probably 476), he met a "Burgundian who forced his seven-foot-tall body down on its knees and sued for peace. In addition he came across an "old ~~SYG~~ SYGAMBRION" who was letting his hair grow out again after having it cut as a sign of defeat

Theodore, the greatest ruler
fought successfully against the
eastern emperor, ~~the~~ Ead, obtaining
a grant of some of the richest provinces
of the empire, becoming chief of the
imperial guard and Consul for the
year 484

Zeno was once again in control & back in Constantinople. He began the offensive against Theodoric Strabo, who had caused him great trouble and had done his best to help deprive Zeno of his emperorship and his life, an effort that very nearly succeeded.

2nd half of 476

Zeno flooded Theodoric the Great with imperial gifts and honours. Following barbarian tradition Zeno adopted him as a "son in arms" called him his "friend," and appointed him patricius and commander-in-chief. At the same time the federate kingdom in lower Moesia was recognized and the government promised to subsidize it with annual

payments

476AD

Germanic chief ODOACER
ousts Romulus Augustulus,
last Roman emperor

476 AD

ODOAKER dethroned the boy
ROMULUS AUGUSTUS THE LITTLE,
the son of ORESTES, and sent
him to live in luxurious
imprisonment in a villa near
Naples

ODOAKER claimed to represent
the distant emperor at Constantinople
At his command, the Senate

of Rome sent a Zeno (the emperor
in the East) the decision and royal notes.
After 476 there was no emperor
in the West for more than 300 years
the movement by a priest
German people whose king was
Henry has made this possible

The last of the puppets was
Romulus Augustulus, son of Orestes, an
ex-secretary of Attila who had
temporarily gained control of the Roman
Army. He was deposed by ODOVAKAR,
another German chieftain; no
successor was chosen, and the
imperial insignia were sent to
Constantinople.

Summa 476

The German mercenaries in the Roman army staged the final coup-d'etat. demanding $\frac{1}{3}$ of the land of Italy for themselves.

When Cretes refused their demand he was killed and his son deposed

4 Sept 476

The 16-yr old Romulus Augustulus abdicated his imperial office and retired to the Gulf of Naples with a pension.

No one knows when he died.

The senate of Rome sent to Zeno, telling him he was now emperor of the west as well as the east, but it was ODOACER, leader of the Germanic

moreover who became King of Italy. Rome
was already in the hands of the Franks,
Burgundians and Visigoths. Visigoths and
Sueves divided Spain between them; the
Visigoths controlled North Africa, and
Roman Britain was well on route to
becoming Anglo-Saxon England. The empire
of Rome in the west survived only as a
memory. No further emperors were appointed
for the west.

476

1912 Dates J-BK

West Empire

ODOVAKER (ODOACER)
deposed Romulus Augustulus

476

The last emperor of the west, Romulus Augustus, deposed by ODOVACER who creates the Ostrogothic Kingdom of Italy.

426

Odoacer the Scirian,
commander and elected
king of the German troops
in Italy, deposes Romulus
and resolves to rule
independently, but nominally
as the viceroy of the Roman
Augustus at Constantinople.
End of the dual Roman Empire
of East and West.

476

The western sector of the Roman empire fell in AD 476.

476

Ravenna fell to Odovac

AUG 28, 476

Fall of Roman Empire
Goths under ODOACER (ODOVACAR)
(c 435 → 493) dethroned western
Roman Emperor Romulus
Augustulus at Ravenna.

476AD

Another Germanic commander
Odoacar, slew Orestes and seeing no
reason for continuing the show of
an imperial line, Deposed Romulus
Augustulus and proclaimed himself
head of the government



476 AD

Odoacer deposed Romulus, ended
the West Roman Empire

476 AD

END OF EMPIRE IN WEST

ODOVACAR king, drops title
of Emperor murdered by
King THEODORIC of OSTROGOTHS

493 AD

476 AD

End of the Western Roman Empire:
The German ODOACER (433-493) captures
& executes ORESTES ~~at~~ at Piacenza,
deposes Orestes' son, the derisively
titled Emperor Romulus Augustulus,
and Odoacer is proclaimed King
of Italy.